



SOLUTION

MARIGOLD ENGLISH READER

6

1.

Friends

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ):

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (a) lie 2. (b) look 3. (c) face 4. (a) wings

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Where does the child like to lie ?

Ans. The child likes to lie under a tree.

2. How does the sky look like ?

Ans. The Sky looks like a kind big smile.

3. How can you feel the wind around ?

Ans. The wind comes blowing over the grass to whisper pretty things. Though I cannot see him pass, I feel his big, strong wings.

4. What do you feel when the sunshine falls upon your face ?

Ans. I feel that the mother is kissing my face.

5. What does the wind do while blowing over the grass ?

Ans. The Wind comes blowing over the grass to whisper pretty things.

6. Who are the natural friends of the child ?

Ans. The Sky, the Sunshine and the Wind are the natural friends of the child.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. flickers 2. wings 3. grass 4. Friends 5. feel

D. Match the following :

1. The sky is like a kind big smile bent sweetly over me.
2. The sunshine kisses me upon my face.
3. Though I cannot see him pass, I feel his big, strong wings.
4. A child should never feel a fear.
5. The wind comes blowing over the grass.

E. Complete the sentences using while or yet :

1. The sun was shining brightly yet he was sleeping.
2. The girl was crying, while the mother was busy in the kitchen.
3. The doctors tried hard to save the patient yet he died.
4. They fell asleep yet the father did not come.
5. It was windy, while the sun shone brightly in the sky.
6. You were watching the T.V. while it was raining.
7. It was raining, while the sun was shining.
8. Daughter slept while the mother was cooking food.

F. Correct the following sentences :

1. He knew Raman for the past two years.
2. I have planned for a vacation.
3. These animals will perform at the circus tomorrow.
4. She had a great time at the picnic.
5. I shall come tomorrow.

G. Do as directed :

1. Neha and Rashmi have finished their work.
2. The train was leaving.
3. When she reaches home, father will be eating food.
4. Someone has used the telephone.

2.

The Three Advice

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ):

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (c) parrot 2. (b) village 3. (a) parrot 4. (c) cage 5. (b) third

B. Answer the following questions:

1. Who was Roshan and where did he live ?

Ans. Roshan was a bird-catcher. He lived in a small village beside a dense forest.

2. Where did Roshan go every morning ? Why ?

Ans. Every morning, he went to the forest and caught birds. He sold them in the market and earned his living.

3. How many advice the parrot did give to Roshan ?

Ans. The parrot gave three advice to Roshan.

4. Write the second advice of the parrot.

Ans. The second advice was that "Never believe everything that is told you."

5. What did you learn from this lesson ?

Ans. We learned from this lesson that we should never feel loss of wealth, never believe everything that is told us and learn to listen with our mind instead of just with our ears.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. parrot 2. sorry 3. gems 4. trained 5. sell 6. stomach

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False' :

1. False 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. True 6. True

E. Match the following :

1. The parrot gave three pieces of advice.
2. I advised you never to believe everything you hear.
3. The parrot flew away and Roshan was left gaping.
4. Roshan was a bird-catcher.
5. He liked the parrot so much.
6. Roshan sold them in the market.

F. Who said to whom :

1. Parrot said to Roshan.
2. Roshan said to Parrot.
3. Parrot said to Roshan.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the following blanks with the words given in the help box :

1. lived 2. released 3. onto 4. feeding 5. please
6. advised 7. bird 8. survived

B. Fill in the suitable adjectives :

1. uncooked 2. Many 3. hungry 4. sour 5. long, curly

C. Rewrite the following sentences by replacing the infinitive by gerunds in the following sentences :

1. The doctor advised my brother spending two more days in bed.
2. It is normal courtesy congratulating a man on his wedding.
3. Even though he was hungry, he refuse eating.
4. Copying in an examination is very serious crime.
5. Consulting others had never been his strong point.

3.

The Most Valuable Thing

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ):

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) himself 2. (c) praised 3. (b) greatness
4. (a) anthem 5. (b) thousand 6. (c) prove

B. Answer the following questions:

1. Who was the king Somdev ? Describe in brief.

Ans. Somdev was a king. He was very fond of himself. He had built many of his statues in the entire kingdom. Often, he would hold competition in his palace among poets to recite poetry in his praise. Those who failed to praise him enough were punished by him. He liked only those who praised him.

2. Why did the king Somdev build many of his statues ?

Ans. Somdev was very fond of himself. So he built many of his statues in the entire kingdom.

3. Who has written an anthem for the king ?

Ans. King Somdev got his own anthem written by the court poet and made it mandatory for the people to sing it every time he would address them.

4. Who was Buddhi ? Describe in brief.

Ans. Buddhi was a very clever and wise young man. He thought of a way to make the king realise that true greatness lies not in false praise.

5. How did Buddhi prove his word in front of the king ?

Ans. On the twenty-ninth day, Buddhi replaced the salt with ground sugar. As the king and courtier tasted the food they shouted to the cook but cook was Buddhi. The king shouted, "You fool! Nothing can take the importance of salt. Not even utensils of gold or precious stones. Salt is what gives the food its taste!" "Exactly, my lord. That is why I compared you to salt," saying this, Buddhi revealed himself. The king understood what Buddhi was trying to convey. He forgave Buddhi and vowed to himself never to boast unnecessarily or ask people to flatter him.

6. What did you learn from this lesson ?

Ans. We should never be greedy and fond of ourself; and all things have importance even they are big or small.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. importance 2. lucky 3. convince 4. fond 5. prove
6. salt 7. anthem 8. praise

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. True 4. True 5. True 6. True 7. False 8. False

E. Match the following sentences :

1. My greatness reaches far and wide.
2. How dare you make fun of me ?
3. Why didn't you put salt in the food ?
4. That's why I compared you to salt.
5. You are insulting me.
6. My king is God personified on Earth.
7. I would punish you.
8. Salt is what gives the food its taste!

GRAMMAR

A. Match the synonyms words :

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. fond of | liking for |
| 2. competition | a situation in which someone is trying to win something |
| 3. flatter | praise |
| 4. lucky | having good things happen to you by chance |
| 5. sculpture | statue |

6. far a great distance
7. wide to the full extent
8. petty small

B. Join each pair of sentences using though / although and yet. One has been done for you :

1. Although he passed, it was not expected.
2. Pawan had studied very hard yet he did not score well.
3. Although Amit knows to drive, he doesn't drive.
4. Vikram has poor eating habits yet he seems in good health.
5. She is poor yet she is honest.
6. Although the cafe was crowded yet we found a table.

C. Fill in the blanks with 'A', 'An' or 'The' :

1. a, a 2. The, a 3. The, an 4. the, a 5. the, the

4.

Preparation for the Examination

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) April 2. (c) juniors 3. (a) clerk 4. (b) realized 5. (a) papers

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Whose father was changing ? And why ?

Ans. Swaminathan's father was changing for the worse because he was not working hard for the examination.

2. Who can fail in the examination ?

Ans. Swaminathan can fail in the examination if he could not work hard.

3. Why did Mani go to the school clerk's house ?

Ans. There was a general belief in the school that the clerk was omniscient and knew all the question papers of all the classes. That's why Mani went to the clerk's house and laid a neat bundle containing fresh brinjals at his feet and asked for the exam papers.

4. What was the general belief in the school regarding the school clerk ?

Ans. There was a general belief in the school that the clerk was omniscient and knew all the question papers of all the classes.

5. What fear did Swami's father awaken in him ?

Ans. Swami's father thought that if his son could not study, he would fail in the exams.

6. Who did meet the clerk ? Why ?

Ans. Mani met the clerk for getting knowledge about examination.

7. How was the nature of clerk ?

Ans. The nature of clerk was very attractive and helpful to everyone, that's why there was a general belief in the school that the clerk was omniscient and knew all the question papers of all the classes.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. nervous 2. examination 3. difficult 4. realised
5. study 6. half an hour 7. dogged

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. False 2. True 3. True 4. False 5. True 6. True 7. False

E. Match the following sentences :

1. Swaminathan reflected.
2. One day Mani went to the clerk's house.
3. "Yes, sir," Mani replied without conviction.
4. On his way home, he smiled to himself.
5. And what about English?
6. Oh, don't worry about that.
7. If you read well, you will pass.
8. There is only a week more for the examination.

GRAMMAR

A. Join the sentences with because or as :

1. He cannot come with you because he has to finish his letter.
2. As I like you, I shall help you.
3. Harish should consult the doctor because he is not well.
4. As It was raining, I did not go to the market.
5. Anna eats chocolate everyday because she likes it.

B. Find out the meaning of these phrases and use them in meaningful sentences of your own :

1. There is also an important butter in coffee.
2. Fate had dogged him all his days.
3. Jones launched into a gallant attack on Grahame, and was replied to evasively.
4. I shall be hunted down for his.
5. Rajat gesticulated to drive home his point.

C. Write subject and predicate part of the following :

- | Subject | Predicate |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 1. He | was becoming wise. |
| 2. This | was a trying period in Swaminathan's life. |
| 3. Of course you | won't if you study hard. |
| 4. The clerk | was omniscient. |
| 5. His father | was right. |
| 6. He | tried to look pathentic. |

D. Tick the right word in the given sentences :

1. an 2. nervous 3. early 4. worried 5. lessons 6. a

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) Sara 2. (a) children 3. (c) put on 4. (a) princess 5. (a) sat down

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Who was the dingy figure peeping at Sara ?

Ans. Miss Minchin was the dingy figure peeping at Sara.

2. Why did children like to listen to Sara's stories ?

Ans. Children liked to listen to Sara's stories because while telling a story, her green eyes grew big and shining, her cheeks flushed, and, without knowing that she was doing it, she began to act and made what she told lovely or alarming by the raising or dropping of her voice, the bend and sway of her slim body, and the dramatic movement of her hands.

3. Was Sara an impressive storyteller ? Why ?

Ans. Yes, Sara was an impressive story teller because she had the power of telling stories and of making everything she talked about seem like a story, whether it was one or not.

Sara not only could tell stories, but she adored telling them. While telling a story, her green eyes grew big and shining, her cheeks flushed, and, without knowing that she was doing it, she began to act and made what she told lovely or alarming by the raising or dropping of her voice, the bend and sway of her slim body, and the dramatic movement of her hands.

4. How did Sara tell a story ?

Ans. Sara not only could tell stories, but she adored telling them. When she sat or stood in the midst of a circle and began to invent wonderful things, her green eyes grew big and shining, her cheeks flushed, and, without knowing that she was doing it, she began to act and made what she told lovely or alarming by the raising or dropping of her voice, the bend and sway of her slim body, and the dramatic movement of her hands.

5. What impact did the story have on the listner in the kitchen ?

Ans. The owner of the smudgy face and the wide-open eyes evidently was afraid that she ought not to have been caught looking at pupils of importance. She dodged out of sight like a jack-in-the-box and scurried back into the kitchen, disappearing so suddenly that if she had not been such a poor, little forlorn thing, Sara would have laughed in spite of herself.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. miss 2. real 3. laughed 4. look 5. pieces
6. disturbing 7. mermaids 8. fairy

D. Say whether the following statements are 'Ture or False':

1. True 2. False 3. False 4. False 5. True 6. True 7. False 8. True

E. Match the following sentences :

1. It is wonderful story.
2. The mermaids swam softly.

3. It was a queer.
4. Sara tells stories.
5. She did it three times.
6. Have you ever told a story to anyone ?
7. "When I am telling it," she would say.
8. Sara's eyes were green.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the correct form of the words in brackets (comparative or superlative) :

1. most interesting
2. richest
3. best
4. fastest

B. Fill in the blanks with the expression in the box and complete the sentences :

1. matter of concern
2. easy to use
3. stern expression
4. easily available
5. drifted over
6. eyes and ears open

C. Fill in the blanks with appropriate Material Nouns :

1. wood
2. rubber
3. plastic.
4. wood
5. diamond

D. Complete the following :

1. fox
2. ice
3. kitten
4. death
5. owl
6. beetroot
7. smile
8. abc

6.

Learn How to Climb Trees

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) qualities
2. (c) climb
3. (c) we
4. (a) quite
5. (c) tiger
6. (c) stomach

B. Answer the following questions :

1. What first-aid did Kunwar Singh give Har Singh ?

Ans. Kunwar Singh stuffed intestines all back, including the dry leaves and grass that were sticking to them. After I had done that, I wound my pugree round his stomach, knotting it tight to keep everything from falling out again. Then we set on the seven-mile walk to our village, myself in front, carrying the two guns, while Har Singh walked behind.'

2. Why did the doctor refuse the fee ?

Ans. The doctor, was a very kind man, so refused to take two rupees Kunwar Singh offered him. He gave Har Singh a dose of very good medicine to make him forget the pain in his stomach.

3. How did Kunwar Singh escape to the tiger ?

Ans. Kunwar Singh's tree was nearer the tiger, but before it arrived he had climbed out of reach.

4. What did Kunwar Singh find on going towards the injured Har Singh ?

Ans. Kunwar Singh found that Har Singh was still standing on the ground, reaching up and trying to grasp a branch, when the tiger was roaring. Kunwar Singh took his gun into the tree with him and fired the gun off into the air. On hearing the shot so close to it, the tiger bounded away and Har Singh collapsed at the foot of the tree.

5. Who was Kunwar Singh ? What did he get ?

Ans. Kunwar Singh was the first to visit Har Singh the day he was given his first gun.

6. What did you learn from this lesson ?

Ans. We should not lose a chance to learn anything anytime.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. sandy nullah 2. commented 3. leave 4. stuffed 5. qualities

6. dense 7. kind 8. tiger

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. False 4. False 5. True 6. False

E. Match the following :

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. I climbed | down very silently. |
| 2. I was | in great trouble. |
| 3. The doctor | refused to take two rupees. |
| 4. Towards evening, | we started for home. |
| 5. Har Singh collapses | at the foot of the tree. |
| 6. We had to | go slowly. |
| 7. I found that, | one of the tiger's claws. |
| 8. We continued | on our way, when the tiger again came out into the nullah. |

GRAMMAR

A. Change the following sentences in to negative sentences :

1. She has not written an essay.
2. He did not tell a made-up story.
3. I shall not take rest today.
4. The players will not be playing in the ground.
5. Neha had not been solving the sum since morning.
6. He has not been learning his lesson for thirty minutes.

B. Change the sentences into indirect speech :

1. She said to him, that she didn't believe him.
2. Raman said that he would come to his home.
3. The boys said that they all have passed the drawing test.
4. He said that he would be going to America.
5. Suman told her brother that she was sure it was going to rain.
6. Granny said that she had knitted a sweater for him.

C. Fill in the blanks by choosing the right word out of these given in the brackets :

1. steel 2. paper 3. wool 4. china clay 5. sugar 6. steel

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles :

1. The, the 2. the 3. the 4. the, the 5. the, the 6. The, an

7.

True Beauty

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (a) Vijayanagar 2. (b) royal court 3. (b) praising 4. (a) golden
5. (c) Tenali Raman 6. (b) city 7. (b) The king

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Who was Tenali Raman ?

Ans. Tenali Raman was the most trusted councilor to the King Krishnadeva Raya.

2. What did the king realise on seeing the hardship of his people ?

Ans. The King realised that People were living in huts in deplorable conditions. Most of the labourers and craftsmen who had worked to make Vijayanagara beautiful lived there. The houses in which they lived did not have proper water or drainage systems.

3. What type of edifices did they build ?

Ans. They built the finely carved buildings, temples, pillars, forts, and beautiful gardens and fountains everywhere.

4. Why was the king happy after the beautifying work was over ?

Ans. After beautifying work was over, the king was happy to see the finely carved buildings, temples, pillars, forts, and beautiful gardens and fountains everywhere. The King was praising the workers who had laboured hard to erect such fine edifices.

5. What were the two things that the king wanted for his kingdom ?

Ans. The two things that were the king wanted for his kingdom were fame and prosperity.

6. Who worked to make the city beautiful ?

Ans. Many famous and skilled architects, sculptors, and gardeners worked hard to make the capital city a beautiful place.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. grievances 2. accompany 3. overlooked 4. prosperity 5. along
6. water

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. False 4. False 5. True 6. True 7. True

E. Match the following :

1. "You were right, Tenali." King Krishnadeva Raya said,
2. Yes, yes! But what ?
3. You were found a golden chance.
4. The king was extremely happy.
5. A jealous minister right, Tenali
6. The king was praising the workers.

GRAMMAR

A. Put a tick (✓) on the correct preposition.

1. with 2. of 3. within 4. for 5. against 6. about

B. Emphasizing Pronouns are used for the sake of emphasis. For example :

1. myself 2. themselves 3. himself 4. myself 5. itself 6. ourselves

C. Fill in the blanks with appropriate verbs :

1. puts 2. closed 3. speaks 4. was 5. gave 6. pull

D. Underline the adverbs :

1. We often work together.
2. This girl is always dressed neatly.
3. This park is quite clean.
4. The father spoke to the child firmly.
5. She is sleeping upstairs.
6. I rang up my friend thrice.

8.

My Experiment with Truth

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (c) agony 2. (a) mind 3. (b) debt 4. (a) slip of paper
5. (b) problem 6. (b) poison

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Who decided to suicide ? Why ?

Ans. Gandhiji decided to suicide because of fonding of smoking.

2. Why did Gandhiji and his friend take to smoking ?

Ans. A relative and Gandhiji became fond of smoking. Not that they saw any good in smoking , or were enamoured of the smell of a cigarette, they simply imagined a sort of pleasure in emitting clouds of smoke from their mouths.

3. What did the father's forgiveness teach Gandhiji ?

Ans. On reading Gandhiji's written confession, his father became so sentimental that tears rolled down his cheeks which indicated a deep love for Gandhiji. Gandhiji experienced that love which cleansed his heart and washed his sin away. It was the power of love and forgiveness.

4. What mistake did Gandhiji make at the age of fifteen ?

Ans. At the age of fifteen, Gandhiji committed the other theft. In this case Gandhiji stole a bit of gold out of his brother's armlet. This brother had run into a debt of about twenty-five rupees. He had on his arm an armlet of solid gold. It was not difficult to clip a bit out of it. It was done, and the debt cleared.

5. Why did they finally give up the idea of committing suicide ?

Ans. In an evening Gandhiji and his relative went to Kedarji Mandir with a view to commit suicide there. But our courage failed us. Supposing we were not instantly killed? And what was the good of killing ourselves? Why not rather put up with the lack of independence? But we swallowed two or three seeds, nevertheless. We dared not take more. Both of us fought shy of death and decided to go to Ramji Mandir to compose ourselves, and to dismiss the thought of suicide.

6. What was the reaction of Gandhiji's father on reading the confession note ?

Ans. He read it thoroughly, and tears rolled down his cheeks, wetting the paper. For a moment, he closed his eyes in thought and then tore up the note. He had sat up to read it. He again lay down.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. pilfer 2. began 3. independence 4. instantly
5. forgiveness 6. became 7. Dhatura 8. trembling

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. True 6. False 7. True 8. False

E. Match the following :

1. Not that we saw any good in smoking.
2. But we had no money.
3. We dared not take more.
4. There is no limit to its power.
5. I know that my confession.
6. Who is smitten with the arrows of love.
7. We decided to commit suicide !
8. Knows its power.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the blanks with 'A', 'An' or 'The' :

1. A 2. the 3. an 4. the 5. the 6. A, a, the

B. Change the following sentences as indicated :

1. The car will not be sold by me.
2. Are mice caught by cats ?
3. He was playing cricket.
4. Had someone stolen my book?
5. He did not win the 1st prize in the quiz.
6. I bought two pens.

C. Fill in the blanks with who, whom, whose, which or that :

1. whose 2. that 3. which 4. that 5. whose 6. that

D. Fill in the blanks with 'I' or 'me' :

1. me 2. I 3. I 4. me 5. me. 6. me

9.

Uphill

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) road, 2. (a) journey, 3. (a) the beauty and pleasant experiences of the journey
4. (a) a day's journey

B. Answer the following questions :

1. How will the traveller feel at the end of the journey?

Ans. The traveller will feel at the end of the journey the life is challenging.

2. Why is the journey of life long ?

Ans. With regard to this poem, life is compared to a journey uphill. It means walking uphill is challenging, life is challenging.

3. Whom will the traveller meet at the inn and will it take long to enter it ?
Ans. The traveller will meet many different people at the inn and they will not take long to enter it.
4. Do you agree with life's journey is full of difficulties and troubles ? Why ?
Ans. Yes, we agree with life's journey is full of difficulties and troubles because we have to do many things in our life by many ways.
5. What do you understand by 'Yea, beds for all who come' ?
Ans. The answer of the question eases the speaker's mind saying all will be well after the journey has been completed.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. morn 2. inn 3. slow 4. darkness 5. keep 6. labour

D. Match the following :

1. You cannot miss that inn.
2. From morn to night, my friend.
3. A roof for when the slow dark hours begin.
4. Yea, beds for all who come.
5. They will not keep you standing at that door.
6. Those who have gone before.

E. Change into the passive voice :

1. Two pens were bought by me yesterday.
2. The first train will be caught by you.
3. A book is being read by her.
4. A sweater was being knitted by the mother.
5. A picture is being painted by them.
6. A letter is being written by Mona.

F. Fill in the blanks with you, your or yours :

1. you 2. yours 3. your 4. you 5. yours 6. you

10.

Fair Play

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (c) a sense of justice 2. (b) an old aunt 3. (c) got well

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Who were good friends ?
Ans. Jumman Shaikh and Algu Chowdhry were good friends.
2. Who were tired of the old relative ?
Ans. Jumman and his family were tired of the old relative.
3. Why did Jumman's aunt decide to take her case to the Panchayat ?
Ans. Jumman and his family were tired of the old lady. Jumman became as indifferent to her as his wife, who grudged even the little food that the old lady wanted every day. One day she told Jumman that she was no more wanted in the house. She requested him to give her a monthly allowance. At this Jumman replied that his wife

knew best how to run the house. This made his aunt very angry and she decided to take her case to the village panchayat.

4. Why did Jumman's aunt nominate Algu as the head Panch ?

Ans. Jumman's aunt nominated Algu as the head Panch because she knew that Algu would never tell a lie and never do an injustice.

5. How would you have looked after your aunt if you were Jumman ?

Ans. We should never leave any relative whatever be the condition.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. friends 2. family 3. son 4. allowance
5. best 6. Jumman 7. truth 8. claiming

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. False 2. True 3. False 4. True 5. False 6. False 7. False 8. True

E. Match the following :

- Then, the situation changed,
- Comment on Jumman's behaviour.
- This is not possible.
- What do you say Algu Chowdhry ?
- Let my aunt nominate the head Panch.
- I will abide by her decision.
- But patience has its limits.
- Both were greatly respected in the village.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the blanks with correct prepositions :

1. till 2. at 3. on 4. in 5. at, in

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable Adjectives given in brackets :

1. Many a 2. last 3. whole 4. last 5. the few

C. Encircle the verbs in the following sentences :

1. sold 2. is sleeping 3. punished 4. is boiling 5. bought

11.

My Financial Career

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (a) six dollars 2. (b) writing 3. (a) deposit
4. (c) manager 5. (b) Pinkerton's 6. (a) money

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Why was the manager alarmed ?

Ans. The manager looked at the narrator in some alarm. He felt that he had a terrible secret to reveal.

2. What was the manager's assumption about the narrator ?

Ans. The manager's assumption about the narrator was that he was a detective and one of Pinkerton's men.

3. Why was the narrator compelled to go to a bank ?

Ans. The narrator was compelled to go to a bank because he wanted to open an account in the bank.

4. What did the narrator hear as he left the bank ?

Ans. As the big door swung behind him, the narrator caught the echo of a roar of laughter that went up to the ceiling of the bank.

5. What did he ask the Accountant ?

Ans. He asked the Accountant in a hollow, vibrating voice if it was deposited.

6. Explain the manager's attitude as he discovers the truth.

Ans. The manager looked relieved but still serious; he concluded then that the narrator was a son of Baron Roths-Child or a young Gould. The manager got up and opened the door. He called to the accountant. "Mr. Montgomery," he said unkindly loud, "this gentleman is opening an account. He will deposit fifty-six dollars.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. become 2. counter 3. Accountant 4. manager
5. nervous 6. safe 7. painful 8. manager

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. False 4. True 5. False 6. True 7. True 8. False

E. Match the following :

1. Can I see the manager ?
2. The manager looked at me in some alarm.
3. I don't know why I said alone.
4. I intend to keep all my money in this bank.
5. When I go into a bank I get nervous.
6. I went up to a counter marked 'Accountant'.
7. My voice was deep and hollow.
8. We are safe from interruption here.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable pronoun those given in the brackets :

1. me 2. herself 3. I 4. me 5. themselves
6. She 7. which

B. Pick out the adjectives and adverbs in the given word grid :

1. GOOD 2. HARSHLY 3. KIND 4. FASTLY 5. YEARLY
6. BEAUTIFUL

C. Match the person with his profession:

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. A person who looks after our teeth | Dentist |
| 2. A man who delivers letters | Postman |
| 3. People at a concert or lecture | Audience |
| 4. A man who sells tea, sugar, soap etc. | Grocer |
| 5. A person who breaks into a house | Burglar |
| 6. A men who takes photographs with a camera | Photographer |

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. (b) awakened | 2. (a) Davy | 3. (c) Peggotty |
| 4. (b) mother | 5. (a) I | 6. (a) Davy |

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Why do you think David was overcome with emotion ?

Ans. Peggotty met David on the way. She gave him some paper bags of cakes and a purse, containing three shillings and two half-crowns. The half-crowns were folded together in a bit of paper on which was written, in mother hand "For Davy. With my love," At this he became emotional and could not hold back his tears. He wiped his eyes on his sleeve and stopped himself.

2. How did Peggotty say goodbye to David ?

Ans. Not a single word did Peggotty speak. Releasing one of her arms, she put it down in her pocket, and brought out some paper bags of cakes which she crammed into my pockets, and a purse which she put into my hand, but not one word did she say. After another and a final squeeze with both arms, she got down from the cart and ran away.

3. What did she give David ? What was in it ?

Ans. Peggotty gave him some paper bags of cakes which she crammed into his pockets, and a purse which she put into his hand.

4. Who else lived in David's house ?

Ans. David lived with his mother, Peggotty, stepfather and his sister.

5. In your own words, write what Peggotty said to David.

Ans. Peggotty said to David that he must never forget her and she will never forget him too.

6. What did you learn from this lesson ?

Ans. We should always love each other.

C. Fill in the blanks :

- | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. mouse | 2. listening | 3. never | 4. better |
| 5. thrown | 6. believed | 7. eagerly | 8. Peggotty |

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. False 2. True 3. True 4. False 5. False 6. True 7. False 8. True

E. Match the following :

1. There was no immediate answer.
2. I heard my name again.
3. Yes, my own precious Davy.
4. Is that you, Peggotty ?
5. Is she very angry with me ?
6. What I want to say to you ?
7. Do you know Peggotty ?
8. Thank you, dear Peggotty.

GRAMMAR

A. Write subject and predicate part of the following sentences :

Subject	Predicate
1. She	put it down in her pocket.
2. Davy	took her in both her arms.
3. There	was no immediate answer.
4. I	understood this to mean Miss Murdstone.
5. I	will never forget you.
6. I	could not hold back my tears.
7. I	eagerly began to examine the purse.
8. You	obey your elders.

B. Pick out the Direct and Indirect objects in the following sentences :

Direct Object	Indirect Object
1. a reward	me
2. the story	me
3. a garland of fresh flowers	me
4. a thrashing	me
5. a cup of tea	him
6. some money	the beggar

C. Fill in the blanks with correct Conjunctions :

1. otherwise 2. but 3. that 4. where 5. If 6. who
7. When 8. because

13.

Sea Creatures

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (a) ocean 2. (b) pearls 3. (c) aglow 4. (b) deep sea 5. (a) around

B. Answer the following questions :

1. What is the curl ?

Ans. The curl is snail's shell.

2. 'The lantern fish are all aglow,' Explain what it is meant by.

Ans. 'The lantern fish are all aglow', because they shine in the water and anybody can see them in the sea.

3. Write the four lines from the Poem Sea Creatures.

Ans. Come along, come with me,
Take a dive in the deep blue sea.
Put on your gear, let's explore
All the way to the ocean floor!

4. Which fish is your favourite ?

Ans. Electric eel is my favourite fish.

5. Do you like sea creatures ?

Ans. Yes, I like sea creatures the most.

C. Describe the sea creatures by filling in the blanks :

1. starting to stir 2. curls 3. aglow 4. electric 5. five arms

D. Write the rhyming words for the following :

1. Take a dive in the deep blue sea.
2. See that snail wrapped in curls.
3. The lantern fish are all aglow.
4. Come along, come with me.
5. Dive on down, seaward bound.
6. Watch the octopus oh so dark.

E. Match the words in Column A with a suffix in Column B to make a new word :

- | | |
|-----------|-------|
| 1. along | side |
| 2. blue | bell |
| 3. motion | less |
| 4. down | ward |
| 5. gear | box |
| 6. ever | green |

F. Join the sentence with because or as :

1. I did it because I wanted to.
2. I like butterflies because they are pretty.
3. Mukesh works hard as he needs to earn money.
4. As I like you I shall help you.
5. Jenny eats chocolate everyday because she likes it.
6. As it was raining I did not go to the market.
7. Jasmeet is very bored because she has nothing to do.
8. We laughed loudly because the joke was so funny.

14.

Halloween

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (a) magical 2. (a) heard 3. (b) old man 4. (c) Jack
5. (b) pumpkins 6. (b) prayer

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Which festival do you celebrate ?

Ans. We celebrate many festival like Diwali, Holi, Dusehra, etc.

2. Why did the Celts celebrate Samhain ?

Ans. Samhain celebrate was held in honour of the Sun God, who they felt help them with their harvests of grains, fruits, nuts, etc. The ceremony was performed by the religious priests. It was also a form of moral support to help them get through the long, cold, dark winter ahead.

3. What was the custom of “trick or treat” ?

Ans. The history of “Trick-O-Treating” can be traced back to the early celebrations of All Saint’s Day in Britain. The poor would go begging and the housewives would give them special treats called “soul cakes”. The latter would, in turn, sing and say a prayer for the dead. Over time the custom changed and the town’s children became the beggars. As they went from house to house, they would shout “trick or treat” and be given apples, buns, and money.

4. Describe the two legends of Jack-O-Lantern.

Ans. The jack-o-lantern legend tells that the Celts would carry a lantern when they walked on the eve of October 31st. These lanterns were carved out of big turnips and the lights were believed to keep the evil spirits away. Children would carve faces in the turnips. These carved turnips were called “jack-o-lanterns.” But there is a more interesting story to it. There was a stingy and mean old man, named Jack. He was so mean that he was not allowed to get into heaven when he died. When Jack went to hell, he was met by the Devil who gave him a piece of burning coal and sent him away. Jack placed the burning coal in a turnip to use as a lantern to light his way. The legend claims that Jack is still walking with the lantern looking for a place to stay.

5. What are the colours of Halloween and why ?

Ans. Halloween’s traditional colours are black and orange. Orange for the pumpkins and black for death and darkness.

6. What did you understand by Halloween ?

Ans. Halloween is celebrated each year on October 31. The tradition originated with ancient Celtic festival of Samhain when people would light bonfires and wear costumes to ward off ghosts. Although the celts started Halloween, it is the children who keep it alive because they love it.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. in turn 2. bells 3. orange 4. dress up
5. Sun God 6. Scottish 7. darkness 8. ghosts

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. False 4. False 5. False 6. False 7. True

E. Match the following :

1. Halloween Masks and costumes.
2. The farmers follow this tradition.
3. There is a more interesting story to it.
4. They went from house to house.
5. Jack-O-Lantern October 31st.
6. Children would carve faces in the turnip.
7. For the celts, November 1st was New Year Day.
8. Kids dress up in monster outfits.

GRAMMAR

A. Using the suitable conjunction fill up the blanks to complete the following sentences :

1. because 2. and 3. and 4. so 5. and 6. but 7. that

B. Find out the tense name of the following sentences :

1. Present Continuous Tense
2. Present Perfect Tense
3. Past Perfect Tense
4. Future Perfect Tense
5. Present Perfect Continuous Tense.
6. Past Perfect continuous Tense

C. Write one word for sentence :

1. theism 2. carnivore 3. kidnap 4. manuscript 5. infectious 6. century

D. Change the following sentences into indirect speech :

1. The father asked Raman why he was late.
2. My uncle asked me who taught me English.
3. The poor man exclaimed with sorrow that he was ruined.
4. She exclaimed with joy that it was a beautiful picture.
5. He requested her to pardon him.

15.

Celebrations

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

- | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. (a) diyas | 2. (b) sari | 3. (a) doctor |
| 4. (a) Chinamma | 5. (c) mention | 6. (a) daughter |

B. Answer the following questions :

1. How do you celebrate Diwali ?
Ans. Do it yourself.
2. Which festival you like the most ?
Ans. I like the festival of Diwali the most.
3. Do you help anybody on the occasion of any festival ?
Ans. Do it yourself.
4. Why do you think, Deepak handed a lovely new doll to Chinamma's daughter?
Ans. Suddenly, to everybody's surprise, Deepak came up to Chinamma's daughter and handed her a lovely new doll. Everyone thought that Deepak would be busy bursting his crackers. But he changed his mind and avoided playing alone. So he bought a toy for her.
5. Do you think Deepak was the only child who loved bursting crackers ?
Ans. Deepak was the only child who loved bursting crackers because he refused to celebrate Diwali without crackers.
6. Do you celebrate Diwali without crackers ?
Ans. Yes we celebrate Diwali without crackers. We should say 'No' to the crackers and play a safe, noiseless and pollution free Diwali.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. sobbing 2. managed 3. expensive 4. handed
5. sweet 6. troubling 7. bring 8. Mummy

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. True 3. False 4. True 5. True 6. False 7. True 8. True

E. Match the following :

1. Why are you crying, Chinamma ?
2. "Nothing, Baba (child), nothing," said Chinamma.
3. Seven children died ...
4. "Where is she now ?" asked Mummy.
5. I don't have any money.
6. "How is that ?" asked Jyoti, puzzled.
7. He said, "for your daughter's medicines."
8. Alok watched Chinamma.

GRAMMAR

A. The words which describe a noun or a pronoun are adjectives. Now pick out the adjectives in the following sentences and also state the kind of each :

1. Demonstrative Adjective
2. Interrogative Adjective
3. Descriptive Adjective
4. Adjective of quality
5. Descriptive Adjective
6. Adjective of number
7. Descriptive Adjective

B. Re-write the following sentences after changing the verb into Past Tense :

1. I saw a large crowd there.
2. They learned their lessons
3. I didn't abuse him.
4. She wrote a letter.
5. Rajat did not tell a lie.
6. The thief hid himself.

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners :

1. the 2. the 3. The 4. the 5. the

D. Change the following sentences into Interrogative :

1. Have I been learning my lessons for two hours.
2. Have we been working since morning.
3. Has it been raining since morning.
4. Have you been working in a company since 2010.
5. Has she been living in this city for three years.

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (c) nation 2. (a) emperor 3. (c) rifle 4. (a) little 5. (a) scarcely

B. Answer the following questions :

1. Why was the cold on the Christmas eve welcome ?

Ans. The day before Christmas Day was Christmas Eve Day—It was a cold morning, soldiers welcomed it, because at least the mud froze solid. Everything was tinged white with frost, while a bright sun shone over all—Perfect Christmas weather.

2. Why were the British soldiers curious about the German soldiers ?

Ans. The British soldiers were curious about the German soldiers. After all they faced the same dangers the British soldiers did and slogged about in the muck.

3. Do you think soldiers from both the sides really hate each other so much.

Ans. No, we don't think soldiers from both the sides really hate each other so much because they both have family.

4. What were the fears of soldiers as they waited in their trenches ?

Ans. Soldiers have mostly stayed in their trenches and waited. But what a terrible waiting it has been! Knowing that any moment an artillery shell might land and explode beside them in the trench, killing or maiming several men. And in daylight not daring to lift their heads above ground, for fear of a sniper's bullet.

5. Who wrote a letter to his sister and why ?

Ans. Tom wrote a letter to his sister Jenet for talking about Christmas Night how he celebrated with enemy soldiers.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. freeze 2. rest 3. friends 4. sentries
5. shoot 6. perhaps 7. almost 8. splatters

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. False 2. False 3. True 4. False 5. False 6. True 7. True 8. True

E. Match the following :

1. Perfect Christmas weather.
2. Cold as we were, we welcomed it.
3. I went to the dugout to rest.
4. See what the Germans are doing!
5. Stille nacht, heilige nacht ...
6. We heard one of them shout.
7. My dear sister Janet.
8. I would scarcely believe it.

GRAMMAR**A. Complete the following sentences using suitable verbs :**

1. causes 2. ends 3. doing 4. runs
5. go 6. cackles 7. jumped

B. Fill in the blanks with Past Perfect Tense of the given verbs.

1. had gone 2. had finished 3. had started
4. had written 5. had died 6. had eaten

C. Fill in the blanks choosing the word from the given choices :

1. a few 2. little 3. many 4. Every 5. All

D. Change the following sentences into Affirmative sentences :

1. You may sleep here. 2. He might come today.
3. Raman liked the picture. 4. I can afford to have a car.
5. Rajesh has told me this. 6. He had been playing cricket for a long time.

17.

The Buddha

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) :

Tick (✓) the correct options and complete the sentences :

1. (b) 2500 2. (a) Tripitika 3. (b) Buddha
4. (b) monk 5. (a) Siddhartha 6. (a) sage

B. Answer the following questions :

1. How did Siddhartha find his answers ?

Ans. One day, after bathing in a river he walked to a large banyan tree. He spread some straw under the tree, sat down and vowed, "I will not leave this seat until I have found what I am searching for." He sat under the tree, lost in thought. After many days, Siddhartha opened his eyes at dawn. He knew he had found his answer.

2. Why did the judges give the swan to Siddhartha ?

Ans. After hearing both sides of the story, the judges decided to give Siddhartha the swan. "Life is more valuable than anything else in the world." They said, "Whoever saves a life has more right to own a creature than the person who tries to take its life."

3. Why did king Shuddhodhana call the seer to the palace ?

Ans. A child had been born to the king and queen of Kapilavastu, Shuddhodana and Maya. He was the first child born to the royal couple and some day, he would inherit the kingdom. After much thinking, the king announced, "I shall call my son Siddhartha Gautama." At that time, a famous seer was visiting Kapilavastu. The king called him to the palace to bless the little prince. When the seer saw Siddhartha Gautama, he was delighted.

4. Who became Gautama Buddha and why ?

Ans. Siddhartha became Gautama Buddha for searching of peace.

5. What did Siddhartha teach people ?

Ans. Siddhartha began to teach people what he had learnt. He said, "Nothing lasts forever. All of us will grow old and die. Do not give too much importance to material things like money, youth and good looks. Do not blindly follow someone just because he or she is popular. Instead, think and be aware of whatever you do. Live your life with honesty and compassion."

6. Write the name of wife and son of the Siddhartha.

Ans. Wife of Siddhartha-Yashodhara Son of Siddhartha - Rahul.

C. Fill in the blanks :

1. his son 2. cruel 3. remained 4. my son
5. seer 6. disagreement 7. king 8. valuable

D. Say whether the following statements are 'True or False':

1. True 2. False 3. True 4. False 5. False 6. False 7. True 8. False

E. Match the following :

1. Kapilavastu Siddhartha's birth place.
2. Chandaka Siddhartha's charioteer.
3. Devadutta Siddhartha's cousin.
4. Rahul Siddhartha's son.
5. I shall call my son Siddhartha Gautama.
6. This child will achieve great things.
7. Yes, O Prince ! This is the law of nature.
8. The young couples were very happy.

GRAMMAR

A. Fill in the blanks with the words given in brackets :

1. his 2. actor 3. daughter 4. her 5. husband 6. lioness

B. Change the following sentences into Passive Voice :

1. Food grains were not imported by us the previous year.
2. Your letter can be posted by my servant.
3. A number of plays were written by Shakespeare.
4. The match must be won by our boys.
5. The car could be driven by Gopal easily.
6. She was greeted by a little boy on the road.

C. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with suitable conjunctions :

1. and 2. that 3. because 4. lest 5. than 6. and

D. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with much or very :

1. very 2. very 3. much 4. very 5. very

